

# AG953: SM225 TMR Smart SPI Magnetometer Demonstration Board



#### Summary

The AG953 Demonstration Board provides a sophisticated user interface for the SM225-10E Smart Magnetometer. The demonstration kit includes:

- USB-powered Demonstration Board with:
  - an SM225-10E sensor
  - a microcontroller connected to the sensor via SPI
  - a regulated 3.3 volt supply to power the SM225-10E
  - direct access to Sensor pins or jumpers for microcontroller connections
  - a 10 amp current-carrying trace under the sensor for current-sensing evaluating
- A small ceramic magnet for evaluating as a proximity sensor
- USB cable to connect the Demonstration Board to a computer
- A powerful, intuitive graphical user interface with one-click installation





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## 1. Overview

### **SM225-10E Features:**

- Tunneling Magnetoresistance (TMR) for precision and low power
- SPI communication interface
- In-plane sensitivity—more usable than Hall effect sensors
- Factory calibrated
- Programmable offset and gain correction
- Internal temperature compensation
- 1.7 to 3.6V supply
- -40°C to 125°C operating range
- Ultraminiature 2.5 x 2.5 x 0.8 mm TDFN6 package

## **SM225-10E Key Specifications:**

- Wide 0 to 150 Oe (0 to 15 mT) linear range
- ±2% of full-scale accuracy from 0 to 125°C
- ±4% of full-scale accuracy for -40°C to 125°C
- Fast 15000 samples per second update rate



## 2. Quick Start

- 2.1. Run the Setup file from the USB stick if provided, or download from https://github.com/NveCorporation to install the User Interface on a Windows PC.
- 2.2. Click on the desktop icon to launch the User Interface application.
- 2.3. The user interface will show the applied field, which can be changed by moving a magnet relative to the sensor:

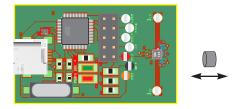


Figure 1. Measuring the field from a magnet with the SM225 Demonstration Board.



## 3. The Demonstration Board

## 3.1 Board Layout

The demonstration board interfaces an SM225 Smart Magnetometer via SPI with a host computer via USB:

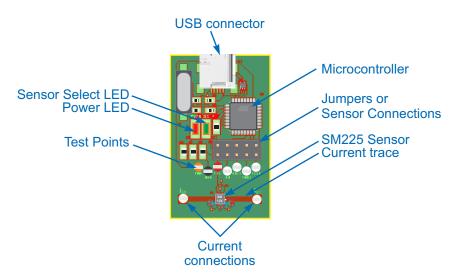


Figure 2. The Demonstration Board (actual size).

Part Number	Designator	Manufacturer	Qty	Description		
Board-Level Components						
SM225-10E	U1	NVE	1	SMART TMR SPI MAGNETOMETER SENSOR, 15 mT		
ATMEGA16U2-AU	U2	Microchip Technology	1	IC MCU 8BIT 16KB FLASH 32TQFP		
APT3216LZGCK	D1	Kingbright	1	LED GREEN CLEAR 1206 SMD		
APT3216LSECK	D3	Kingbright	1	LED RED CLEAR 1206 SMD		
	R1, R2	Generic	2	RES 3K OHM 1% 1/4W 0805		
	R3	Generic	1	RES 1M OHM 1% 1/10W 0603		
TPD2E001DRLR	D2	Texas Instruments	1	TVS DIODE 5.5V SOT5		
GRM033C71C104KE14D	C1	Murata Electronics	1	CAP CER 0.1UF 16V X7S 125C 0201		
LMK107BBJ106MAL	C2,C3	Taiyo Yuden	2	CAP CER 10UF 10V X5R 0603		
GRM21BR71C105KA01	C4	Murata Electronics	1	CAP CER 1UF 16V X7R 0805		
CL10C200JB8NNNC	C5, C6	Samsung Electro-Mechanics	1	CAP CER 20PF 50V C0G/NP0 0603		
ECS-160-20-5PX-TR	Y1	ECS Inc	1	CRYSTAL 16.0000MHZ 20PF SMD		
690-005-299-043	J1	EDAC Inc.	1	CONN MINI USB RCPT RA TY PE B SMD		
TSW-105-07-T-D	J2	Samtec	1	CONN HEADER VERT 10POS 2.54MM		
500x	Various	Keystone Electronics	7	TEST POINT PC MINI .040"D		
5007	Iin	Keystone Electronics	2	TEST POINT PC COMPACT .063"D WHT		
		Dl T .				
12216	27/4	Package-Le	vei C			
12216	N/A	NVE	1	6 MM DIA. X 4 MM THICK DISK MAGNET		
	N/A	NVE	1	USB stick with Windows user interface installation software		
	N/A	Generic	1	3ft FLAT USB 2.0 480Mbps Type A Male to Mini-B/5-Pin Male Cable		



### 3.2 Schematic

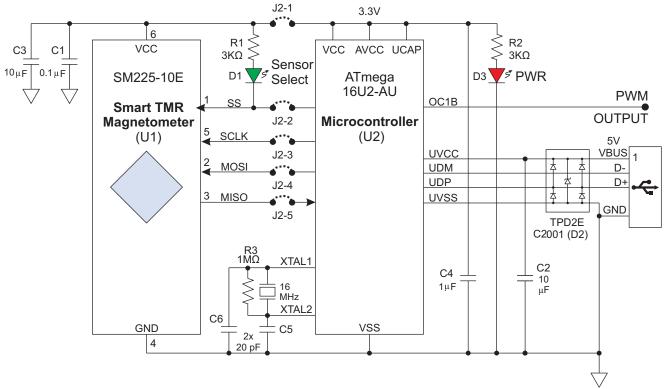


Figure 3. Demonstration Board Schematic.



### 3.3 Circuit Description

#### The Sensor

The SM225 (U1) has six pads: power (VDD and GND) and SPI (SCLK, MOSI, MISO, and SS).

#### Microcontroller

The SM225 is compatible with almost any microcontroller. This board uses a popular ATMEGA16U2 8-bit microcontroller (U2), which has integrated SPI and USB interfaces. The microcontroller also has an internal 3.3-volt regulator that is used to power the board.

#### **LEDs**

Red LED D3 shows the sensor is powered, indicating the board is connected to a powered USB port, and that the microcontroller power supply is operating. Green LED D1 indicates the sensor is selected as a slave.

#### SPI

SPI links the sensor and microcontroller. The SM225 is an SPI Slave, and the microcontroller is configured as the Master. The SM225 SPI interface is compatible with 3.3 or five-volt microcontrollers. The demonstration board uses 3.3 volts for both the sensor and microcontroller.

In accordance with industry standards, the SM225 SCLK, MOSI, and SS lines are open-drain, and the microcontroller's internal pull-up resistors are activated in software. When external pull-ups are used with different power supplies, they should be connected to the lower supply voltage.

## Jumpers / Connector

Connector J2 allows normal operation by jumpering the SM225 sensor (U1) to the microcontroller (U2), or without jumpers the Connector can be used to provide direct access to the Sensor.

#### PWM Analog Output

A PWM output from the microcontroller tracks the field magnitude measured by the sensor, and can be connected to a multimeter or data acquisition system. The output is scaled to 0.01 volts/oersted (0.1 V/mT), or 1.5 volts at the full 150 Oe (15 mT) linear range. The output is referenced to board ground and ratiometric with the 3.3 V regulated supply. PWM resolution is eight bits over 3.3 volts, or about one part in 100 over the sensor's linear range. The PWM output is generated by the microcontroller, not directly by the sensor. The PWM output cannot go negative.

#### USB

The microcontroller has an integrated USB UART. A Transient Voltage Suppressor (D2) protects the microcontroller.

#### Current-Sensing Trace

The board has a current trace under the sensor IC (the  $I_{in}$  connections) for evaluating the magnetometer as a current sensor. The trace is 0.05 inches (1.3 mm) wide and one-ounce copper, and can carry up to seven amps continuously with a safe temperature rise, or up to 10 amps typically for a few minutes.

Since the SM225 is bipolar it provides positive and negative outputs and can measure AC current.

Fields generated by clip leads can affect the sensor, so for precise measurements the lead positioning should be fixed, and ideally at right angles to the trace to minimize their effect on the sensor.





#### Crystal

A crystal (Y1) provides the microcontroller time base as required for the USB interface. The sensor SPI interface operates over an extremely wide clock frequency, so crystal control is not required for the sensor itself.

### Decoupling Capacitors

The board has a small (0201 / 0603 metric) 0.1  $\mu$ F ceramic capacitor (C1) close to the sensor and a 10  $\mu$ F capacitor (C3) a few millimeters away so it does not magnetically interfere with the sensor. The small capacitor is used because it contains very little ferromagnetic material.

There are also a 1 µF decoupling capacitor (C4) near the microcontroller and a 10 µF decoupling capacitor (C2) for the 5 V USB bus supply, both as recommended by the microcontroller manufacturer.

## Operating Temperature

The sensor is rated for the full -40 to 125 °C temperature range, but not all of the board components are rated for the full temperature range. Therefore the board is not recommended for environmental testing. Breakout boards are offered with the sensor and high-temperature bypass capacitors for such testing.



### 4. Magnets and Magnetic Operation

The Demonstration Kit includes a popular ferrite disk magnet. The magnetic field from the magnet at the center of the sensor is shown in this graph:

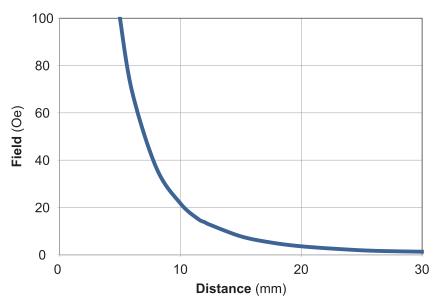


Figure 4. Magnetic field from the 6 mm dia. x 4 mm thick ferrite magnet (referenced to the center of the sensor).

Larger and stronger magnets allow farther operate and release distances. For more calculations, use our axial disc magnetic field versus distance Web application at:

www.nve.com/spec/calculators.php#tabs-Axial-Disc-Magnet-Field.

#### 4.1 Magnetic Thresholds

Typical thresholds for proximity sensing with the magnet included in the kit are shown in the following table:

Magnetic	Magnet
Threshold	Distance
100 Oe*	5 mm
20 Oe	10 mm
5 Oe	18 mm
2 Oe	24 mm

<sup>\*</sup>Factory default

Table 1. Typical magnetic thresholds.



### 5. Current Sensing

SM225-10E sensors can measure the current through a circuit board trace by detecting the magnetic field generated by the current through the trace. In this application, the digital output can be used for current threshold detection or overcurrent protection.

The demonstration board includes a current-sensing trace:



Figure 5. Current trace (top view).

The board trace is on the top side of the circuit board for high current sensitivity, but traces can also be run on the bottom side of the PCB for higher currents. The magnetic field generated in either case can be approximated by Ampere's law:

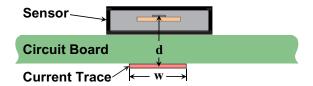


Figure 6. Current-sensing over a circuit board trace (side view).

$$H = \frac{2I}{d}$$
 ["H" in oersteds, "I" in amps, and "d" in millimeters]

For the trace on the top of the circuit board, "d" is the distance from the bottom of the sensor package to the sensor element, which is 0.7 millimeters. The field is therefore approximately 3 Oe/A.

Typical overcurrent thresholds are summarized in the following table:

Magnetic	Current
Threshold	Threshold
28 Oe (2.8 mT)	10 A
20 Oe (2 mT)	7 A
10 Oe (1 mT)	3.5 A
3 Oe (0.3 mT)	1 A

Table 2. Typical overcurrent detection settings.



## **6. User Interface Software Installation**

## 6.1 System Requirements

The software system requirements are:

- 64-bit Windows 7 or later
- A USB 2.0 port

### 6.2 Software Installation

- 6.2.1. Run the Setup file on the USB stick if provided to begin the installation, or download the file from <a href="https://github.com/NveCorporation">https://github.com/NveCorporation</a>.
- 6.2.2. Run the Setup file to install the User Interface and USB driver.
- 6.2.3. Click on the desktop shortcut to run the software.
- 6.2.3. Connect the demo board to a USB port.





### 7. User Interface Operation

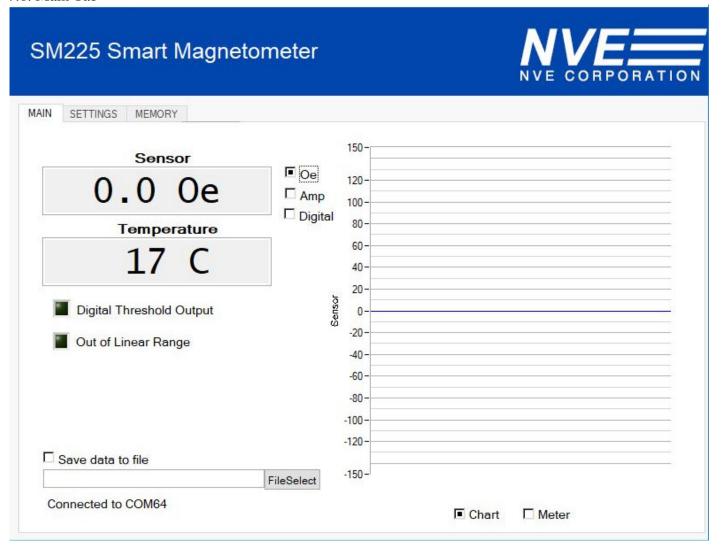
The User Interface allows reading sensor data, setting the digital output threshold, and reading and writing the nonvolatile sensor parameters and calibration constants.

After starting the application, a single window with three tabbed panels is displayed. The three tabs are:

- 1. Main Displays measurement results in digital and graphical formats.
- 2. Settings Sets the digital output threshold, hysteresis, offset, and digital filter constant. Parameters are changed by entering a number and hitting "Enter." This tab also allows changing between omnipolar, unipolar, and bipolar digital outputs by selecting either the desired image or the corresponding radio button.
- 3. Memory A table shows the sensor's data, parameters, and calibration constants. Data and parameters are displayed in real time, and can be changed by entering the desired value in the write address.



#### 7.1. Main Tab



*Main* tab elements are described below:

Sensor – Displays the output of the device in oersteds, amps, or the sensor's integer digital output as selected by the radio buttons. Double right-clicking the display changes oersted or amps precision.

*Temperature* – Displays the calibrated temperature from the sensor in degrees Celsius. The sensor's maximum operating temperature is 125°C.

*Digital Threshold Output* – A virtual LED turns on when the sensor's virtual comparator is HIGH. The threshold, hysteresis, and configuration can be set in the Settings Tab.

Out of Linear Range – Warns that the sensor field exceeds its linear range, so the reading may be inaccurate.

*Chart* – Displays a "strip chart" on right side of the tab with the measurement on the y-axis. The chart is updated approximately 10 times per second.





*Meter* – Displays a virtual meter on the right side of the tab.

Save Data to File – Checking this box saves data points (date, time stamp, elapsed time, temperature, and sensor field or current output) to a file chosen under the File Select button. The box can be checked and unchecked while the demo is running. Data are updated every 100 milliseconds when the box is checked.

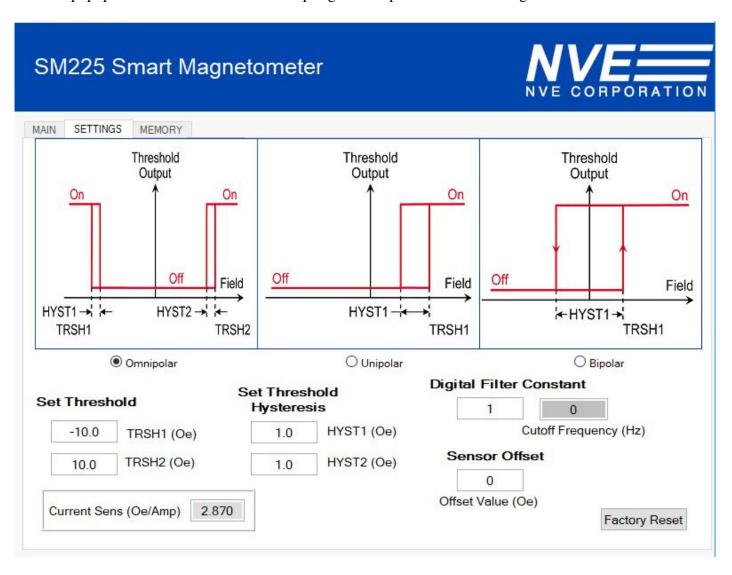
*File Select* – Opens a pop-up window to select a csv format data file. Data are continuously added to the file whenever the "Save data to file" box is checked.



#### 7.2. Settings Tab

The Settings Tab allows setting parameters for the Threshold Output, the Current Sensing Sensitivity, and the Digital Filter Constant. Parameters can be entered into the appropriate boxes.

An error popup will indicate the user is attempting to set a parameter out of range.



*Omnipolar* (the default configuration) – The output turns on when the magnitude of a field of either polarity exceeds the threshold. The field can be. Uses both TRSH and both HYST parameters.

*Unipolar* –The output turns on when one pole is applied, and turns off when the field is reduced or reversed. Only requires TRSH1 and HYST1; HYST1 < |TRSH1|.

*Bipolar* – The output will turn on when the field exceeds the threshold and off with the opposite field. Only requires TRSH1 and HYST1; HYST1 > |TRSH1|.





Sensor Offset –Sets the sensor offset, which can be used to zero background magnetic fields.

Set Threshold – Sets the sensor's digital output (DOUT) turn-on threshold.

Set Threshold Hysteresis – Used to change the magnetic threshold differential in the sensor's nonvolatile memory. The digital output will turn off at Threshold – Hysteresis.

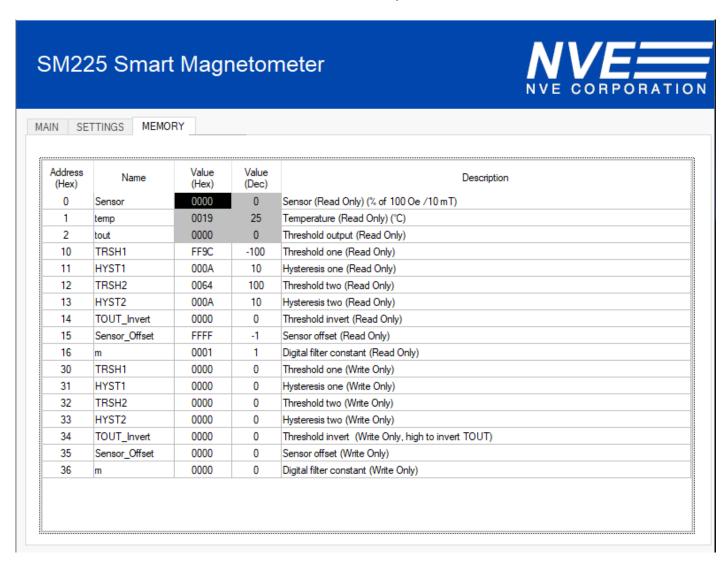
*Digital Filter Constant* – Sets the filter constant which will change the cutoff frequency of the internal filter. The cutoff frequency will be updated and displayed to the right. The range is 1 to 127 (dec). The factory-default sensor constant is "1," which disables the filter.

Factory Reset – Sets the calibration constants back to the factory defaults.



#### 7.3. Memory Tab

This tab allows direct access to the sensor's internal memory:



Data are written to and read from different addresses. Addresses 0 to 16 hex are read addresses, while addresses 30 to 36 hex are write addresses. For example the Sensor Offset is written to address 35 hex and read from address 15 hex.

Data in the Read Addresses are updated continuously as the software is running, and reflect changes made in the write address table or the Settings Tab. Write address table values may not always reflect the actual values in the sensor, however, since they are not written until a value is entered and committed with the enter key.

Data and parameters are all two-byte signed integers, although the allowable range of values is different for different parameters. Note that calibration constants are set at the factory and vary from part to part.



### 8. Troubleshooting

### No communication with the Sensor

1. Ensure there are jumpers on each J2 pin pair.

## No communications with the computer

- 1. Check the USB cable.
- 2. Verify the USB port under Windows Device Manager:



3. Reinstall the software.





## 9. Revision History

## SB-00-080-B

December 2019

## **Changes**

- Revised board including:
  - ➤ Connector J2 for direct access to the sensor
  - ➤ More test points
  - ➤ Improved decoupling
  - > Crystal control for more reliable USB
- Single-click user interface installation.
- Added a USB stick with the user interface installation software.

### SB-00-080-A

June 2019

## Change

• Initial Release



## SM225 Smart Magnetometer Evaluation Board

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